

Derogations authorised by Hungary regarding movements of animals in relation to bluetongue from 1 November 2026

Movement conditions in terms of bluetongue, pursuant to Regulation (EU) 2020/688 for kept animals belonging to species listed for infection with bluetongue virus (serotypes 1-24) in the Annex to Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2018/1882, from EU Member States to Hungary:

With effect from 1 November 2026 Hungary will, in accordance with Articles 13(2), 17(2), 24(2), 27(2) and 30(2) of Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/688, applying **points 3.a-3.b-3.c** of Part I of Annex IX to Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/688, accept animals belonging to species of families listed for infection with bluetongue virus (serotypes 1-24) in the Annex to Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2018/1882, that do not fulfil at least one of the requirements laid down in points 1-2 of Part I of Annex IX of the Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/688, under the following conditions:

In accordance with **point 3.a)** of Part I of Annex IX of Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/688

Animals over 90 days of age:

In case the serotypes present at origin are not present in Hungary, the animals:

- must have been vaccinated against all serotypes (1 – 24) of BTV declared in the Member State or zone of origin during the previous 2 years, and they each must have undergone PCR-testing on a sample taken not more than 14 days prior to their departure, which produced a negative result.

An animal is considered vaccinated if:

- The vaccination was performed in line with the SPC (Summary of Product Characteristics) of the vaccine and was completed against all serotypes 1-24 of BTV detected during the last two years in the Member State or zone of origin;

AND

- The animals are within the immunity period, between the onset of immunity and end of immunity, guaranteed in the specifications of the vaccine or – if the end of immunity is not specified – vaccination was not administered more than twelve months prior to dispatch.

In accordance with point 3.b) of Part I of Annex IX of Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/688

Animals less than 90 days of age:

In case the serotypes present at origin are not present in Hungary, the animals:

- originate from a vaccinated mother (where vaccination was performed in line with the SPC of the vaccine, the animals are within the immunity period, between the onset of immunity and end of immunity guaranteed in the specifications of the vaccine or – if the end of immunity is not specified – vaccination was not administered more than twelve months prior to dispatch and the vaccination was completed prior to service, or at least 28 days prior to the expected calving date) against all 1-24 BTV serotypes detected during the last two years in the Member State or zone of origin. And the animals received colostrum within 12 hours after birth from their own dam.

Animals independent of age:

In accordance with **point 3.b)** of Part I of Annex IX of Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/688

a) the animals have been protected from vector attacks by insecticides or repellents for at least 14 days prior to the date of movement; and

b) they have been subjected during that period to a PCR test, with negative results, carried out on samples collected at least 14 days following the date of protection from vector attacks.

In accordance with **point 3.c)** of Part I of Annex IX of Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/688, no conditions apply for BTV susceptible animals regarding BTV serotype 3 and 8.

Up to 1 November 2026, infections with the **BTV-3 and BTV-8 serotypes** of bluetongue disease were detected in Hungary. No other serotypes have been reported in Hungary.

An interactive map showing, in a rolling time frame, the bluetongue infections reported over the past two years and the 150 km radius surrounding each case, broken down by serotype (based on ADIS-WAHIS reports):

<https://portal.nebih.gov.hu/keknyelv-kereskedelmi-informaciok>